

# Progress update Philips Respironics field action

April 24, 2023

innovation #you

#### Resolving the recall for patients remains our highest priority



2023	Q1 2023	2023-2025
Finalize recall and testing	>95% production of recall units <sup>1</sup> ; vast majority have been sent to patients and home care providers	Manage impact of proposed Consent Decree
Manage litigation, DoJ investigation	Recorded a EUR 575 million provision in anticipation of a resolution of the economic loss class action in the US	Manage litigation, DoJ investigation
483 remediation and clarity on proposed Consent Decree	483 remediation in progress	Gradually restore position

Taking the learnings of Respironics recall to raise Patient Safety and Quality to the highest standards across Philips



# Testing and literature review

### Encouraging test results for DreamStation1 devices



#### **VOC** testing

Emissions within ISO limits (devices not exposed to ozone)

#### Visual inspection and assessment of the foam in used devices

- Low prevalence of significant visible foam degradation
- Even when significant visible particulates are formed, likely to accumulate inside the device

#### Particulate Matter testing

Foam degradation does not contribute to appreciable elevated levels of respirable particles; within ISO limits

#### Bioassay evaluation, chemical characterization and toxicological risk assessment

Exposure to particulates is unlikely to result in an appreciable harm to health in patients, even based on a worst-case assumption that the patient is exposed to 100% of the foam

Thorough consideration and mitigation of testing limitations that are inherent to any test standard and/or scientific research; very conservative assumptions taken

DreamStation1 represents ~68% of the total # of devices registered as part of the Respironics recall

#### Test & research program - next steps



Finalize toxicological risk assessment of the VOC emissions resulting from ozone-induced foam degradation in DreamStation1 devices

Expected in Q2 2023

- Complete testing for SystemOne (~26% of registered devices) and DreamStation Go (~1%), which contain the exact same foam as the DreamStation1 devices

  Expected in Q2 2023
- Complete VOC and PM testing, as well as chemical evaluation and toxicological assessments for Trilogy 100/200 (~3%) and OmniLab (~2%), where a different PE-PUR foam is used Expected in Q3 2023
- Ongoing engagement with FDA and other competent authorities

## Summary of third-party epidemiological studies



- There were thirteen identified epidemiological studies, all of which found no consistent statistical association between use of PAP devices including Philips Respironics'- and the risk of cancer in patients with obstructive sleep apnea (OSA)
- Two of the studies1 showed no statistical difference in cancer risk between users of Philips Respironics PAP devices and users of other brands of PAP devices
- Eleven studies provided limited additional insights, but their results also suggested no excess risk of cancer associated with use of PAP devices
- The 2022 study by Palm and others reported more frequent prescription of respiratory relief medication among patients with both OSA and obstructive lung disease, but no statistical difference in hospitalization, i.e. health outcomes, was observed for OLD among OSA patients between the users or polyurethane PAP and non-foam PAP



# Regulatory and legal

## Regulatory and legal update - Civil litigation (1/2)



- Collective and individual civil complaints have been filed in various jurisdictions globally, including but not limited to the
  United States, Australia, Canada, Israel and Chile. The complaints variously allege economic loss, personal injury and, in some
  cases, the need for medical monitoring related to devices subject to the Philips Respironics recall
- In the United States, putative economic loss and medical monitoring class actions and personal injury lawsuits have been consolidated into a multidistrict litigation (MDL) in Pennsylvania
- EUR 575 million provision booked in Q1 2023 in connection with the anticipated resolution of the economic loss class action
  on behalf of users, hospitals and private insurers in the US MDL. Important first step in addressing the litigation that started
  following the Respironics recall
  - expect to submit a negotiated settlement agreement to the court for preliminary approval in Q2 2023
  - being negotiated, with the assistance of a court-appointed mediator, as a potential class action settlement, that will resolve
    the claims of all similarly situated class members in the US, whether they have filed a lawsuit or not
  - o subject to final court approval, payments are not expected to begin until Q1 2024 at the earliest
- As of April 15, 2023, around 400 personal injury claims have been filed and approximately 40,000 individuals had joined the
  voluntary, court-approved census registry for potential personal injury claimants who have not filed claims but may do so in
  the future
- Visibility on potential outcomes on the medical monitoring class action and personal injury claims is not expected before 2024 Philips N.V.

## Regulatory and legal update - Civil litigation (2/2)



- SoClean, a manufacturer of ozone-based CPAP cleaning devices, filed an amended complaint against Philips and certain of its
  US affiliates, including Philips Respironics, in October 2022 for alleged unfair competition, tortious interference with business
  relationships, defamation and commercial disparagement
  - Philips believes SoClean's claims have no basis in fact or law and is seeking dismissal of the case in its entirety, including on the basis that the FDA has stated that CPAP ozone cleaners, like SoClean's products, "are not legally marketed for this use"
- Securities class action suit was filed against the company in August 2021 in the US, alleging Philips' statements in connection
  with the recall triggered a fall in stock price. Plaintiffs filed a Second Amended Complaint in November 2022, which Philips has
  since moved to dismiss
- Given the uncertain nature of the relevant events, and of their potential impact and associated obligations, if any, the company has not provided for these matters other than the anticipated settlement of the economic loss claims in the US MDL

## Regulatory and legal update - FDA/DOJ



- Philips Respironics continues to engage with the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) on the steps it has taken in response to the FDA's Form 483 observations
- Since July 2022, Philips Respironics has been in discussions with the US Department of Justice (DOJ), acting on behalf of the FDA, regarding the terms of a proposed Consent Decree to address the identified issues on a forwardgoing basis
- In addition, on April 8, 2022, Philips Respironics and certain of Philips' subsidiaries in the US received a subpoena from the DOJ to provide information related to events leading to the Philips Respironics recall

#### **Medical Device Reporting**



- Medical device manufacturers are required to submit medical device reports (MDRs) to the FDA when they receive complaints for certain types of device malfunctions and safety issues
- These complaints may be submitted to the manufacturer by health care professionals, patients, caregivers and consumers
- The FDA acknowledges that "the submission of an MDR itself is not evidence that the device caused or contributed to the adverse outcome or event" and that the "cause of an event cannot typically be determined from this reporting system alone"
- Following Philips' public statements on possible risks to users in April 2021 and the June 2021 recall notification/field safety notice, Philips Respironics received a steep increase in complaints allegedly associated with possible foam degradation
- This led to approximately 105,200 MDRs filed by Philips Respironics to the FDA from April 2021 through March 31, 2023
- The vast majority (94%) of the MDRs filed since April 2021 up to and including March 2023 are alleged technical malfunctions that do not involve serious injury or death. Based on the investigations to date, Philips Respironics has found no conclusive data linking these devices and the deaths reported in the MDRs

